

# VT485m / Modbus RTU slot extension

Function and purpose

Physical description

Connecting Modbus RTU sensors:

Example 1: Daisy chain connection (the main controller is located at the beginning of the chain)

Physical description

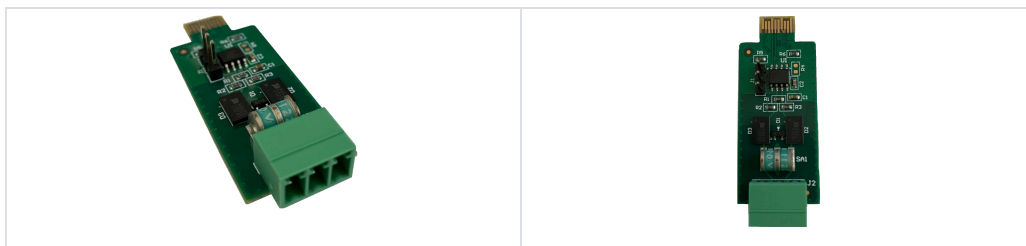
Example 2: (Not recommended) Daisy chain connection (the main controller is located in the middle of the chain)

Activation and Configuration of Modbus interface

Accessories

Testing VT485m PCB using two Vutlan controllers

✓ Latest Vutlan drivers (from August 2021) support Modbus RTU read and write functions for all monitoring systems.



## Function and purpose

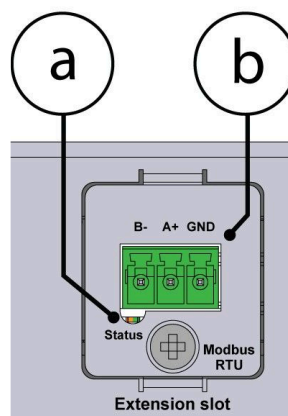
It is an extension PCB board and should be purchased separately.

Allows to monitor up to 32 Modbus RTU devices/meters/sensors. The maximum distance of a daisy chain is up to 1000 meters. Each metered value of a Modbus device is addressed individually using input registers and is shown by the system as virtual sensors. You can configure thresholds and icon representations for these elements.

It can be used with [VT335t](#), [VT336t](#), [VT825t](#), and [VT855t](#) monitoring systems. A slot PCB board can be inserted inside the monitoring unit while the unit is in operation. Has an internal termination and by default, it is switched ON (if required can be turned off).

## Physical description

By default, the terminator on the board of VT335t, VT825t, and VT855t is always ON.



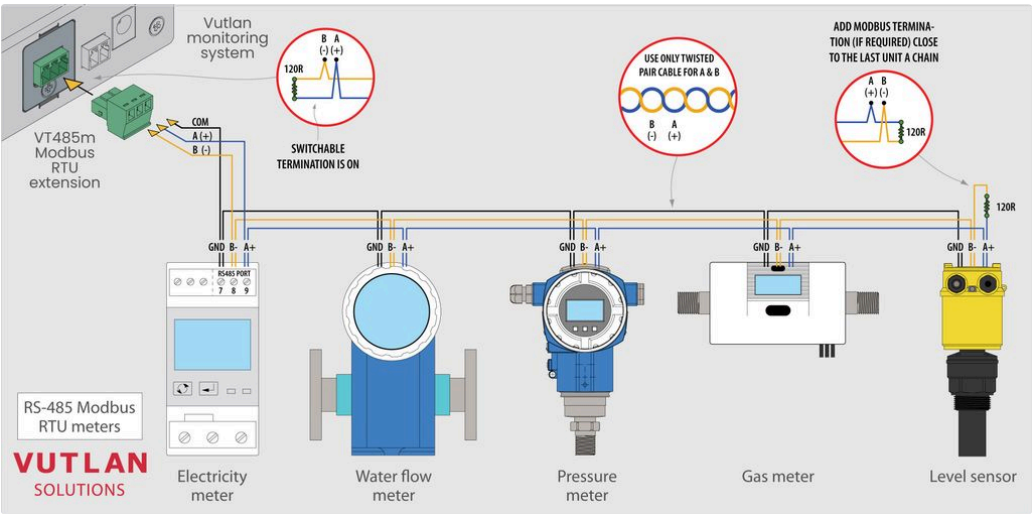
a) "RS-485 Status" - LED for displaying Modbus RTU port status.

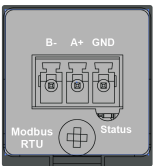
b) "B-, A+, GND" - port for connecting Modbus RTU devices.

Connecting Modbus RTU sensors:

Example 1: Daisy chain connection (the main controller is located at the beginning of the chain)

- Sensors are connected in a daisy chain connection.
- 120Ω resistor is used at the end of the chain which is equal to the resistance of the cable.
- A twisted pair cable is used for A(+) and B(-).
- "VT335t, VT825t, and VT855t monitoring units" have an internal termination, and by default, it is switched to the ON position. (If it is required, it is possible to switch it OFF)
- Up to 32 devices can be used.
- Overall cable length is no more than 1000 meters.



	VT485r	Cables	Eastron SDM220-MODBUS
	B-	red	+12V
	A+	blue	A+
	GND	white	GND

Physical description

Example 2: (Not recommended) Daisy chain connection (the main controller is located in the middle of the chain)

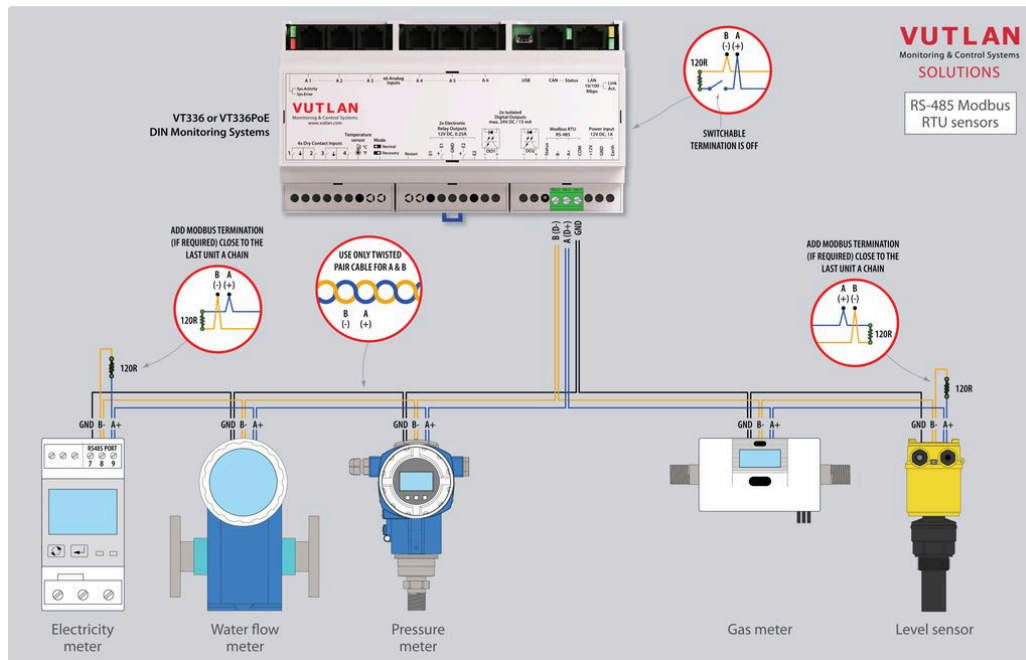
"VT335t, VT825t, and VT855t monitoring units" have an internal termination, and by default, it is switched ON.

- Switch off the Vutlan monitoring unit.
- Open the enclosure's bottom and pull the mainboard from the enclosure.
- Find a Modbus jumper and take the cap off.
- Put everything back together.

Now it is possible to connect the Modbus sensors in a daisy chain with the Vutlan monitoring unit in the middle of the chain.

- Sensors are connected in a daisy chain connection.

- 120Ω resistor is used at the ends of the chain which is equal to the resistance of the cable.
- A twisted pair cable is used for A(+) and B(-).
- Up to 32 devices can be used.
- Overall cable length is no more than 1000 meters.



## Activation and Configuration of Modbus interface

After all Modbus devices have been connected to it, you need to activate it and configure:

- [Related articles](#)
- [Introduction](#)
- [Activating Modbus](#)
- [Adding the Modbus reading virtual element](#)
- [Adding the Modbus writing virtual element](#)
- [Modbus configurations for tested sensors](#)

## Related articles

[Connecting Modbus devices](#)

[Connecting "VT85 / Modbus extension board"](#)

[Connecting Modbus sensors using "RS485 to USB adapter"](#)

## Introduction

A virtual "Modbus RTU" sensor is used to read and write data from external equipment via Modbus RTU protocol (RS-485 line). Such equipment can be sensors/meters or devices/systems/units.

**i** Some Vutlan devices have a Modbus RTU port. Some require an additional extension to be bought separately.

**i** Some older Vutlan units use an external converter to the USB bus is used to provide RS-485 communication.

<https://vutlan.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/DEN/pages/678887425/Creating+virtual+Modbus+RTU+element>

## Activating Modbus


After connecting the RS485 bus, according to the "Slave" hardware documentation, you can now activate the Modbus.

The Modbus operates in "Master" mode. To enable Modbus, go inside the web interface of the Vutlan monitoring unit and go to the **Preferences menu** >> **Modbus RTU**. Set up the bus according to the documentation for the "Slave" equipment. Please note that the "VT85 / Modbus extension board" only supports 1 stop bit.


Name	CP2102 USB to RS485 Bridge Controller
Enable Modbus RTU	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Baud rate of the communication	9600
Parity check of the communication	none
Number of stop bits	1


Save


## Adding the Modbus reading virtual element


To create a "Modbus RTU (reading)" element, press add button "  " inside the "Group tree" or "System tree" menu. Then choose "Modbus RTU (reading)". A modal window will appear:


Add a new element ×


 Modbus RTU (reading)


 Modbus RTU (writing)

 Modbus TCP (reading)

 Modbus TCP (writing)

 Math sensor

 IP Cam

 Dew point

Cancel

Click on the "Modbus RTU (reading)". Modbus element form will be opened:

Settings

Additional

Charts

All data

Name

modbus voltage

ID

—

Type

modbus rtu

User defined type

voltage

Units of measurement

V

Class

analog

Current state

Not connected

Current value

0 V

Minimum value

-100.00

Maximum value

380.00

Low alarm level

-77

Low warning level

5

High warning level

276

High alarm level

348

-100

380

Hysteresis type

disabled

Expression ( f(x), for instance: 2\*x+123 )

x

operators +, -, \*, /, %, ^

functions abs(), sqrt(), exp(), ln(), log(), sin(), cos(), tan(), asin(), acos(), atan()

constants pi, e

OK

Cancel

Fields in the form available for change:

#	Name	Description
1	Name	Created element name
2	User-defined type	Defines the icon to be displayed in the "System tree"
3	Units of measurement	The unit of measure in which the value is displayed in the "System tree"
4	Minimum value	Determines the minimum measurement range, when the value is out of range, the sensor goes into the "Not connected" state
5	Maximum value	Determines the maximum measurement range, when the value is out of range, the sensor goes into a "Not connected" state
6	Alarm and warning levels	Defines the alarm and warning thresholds, as for other sensors, see <a href="#">Sensor configuration</a>
7	Hysteresis	Option of setting the hysteresis state, see <a href="#">Sensor configuration</a>
8	Expression	<p>Function of the form <math>f(x)</math>. The default value for the sensor is equal to the measured value: "x", ie corresponds to the expression "x". To calculate the indirect value of the sensor is possible to use an arbitrary expression, which is permissible "(", ")", as well as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ operators: "+", "-", "*", "/", "%" (remainder of the division), "^" (exponentiation);</li> <li>◦ functions: "abs", "sqrt", "exp", "ln", "log", "sin", "cos", "tan", "asin", "acos", "atan";</li> <li>◦ constants: "pi" (3.1415926...), "e" (2.7182818...);</li> <li>◦ point is used as a decimal separator (3.14).</li> </ul> <p><i>For example: "0.1*x+0.5"</i></p>
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The Modbus RTU bus configuration is available in the "Additional" tab:

Modbus RTU (reading) ×

SettingsAdditionalChartsAll data

Slave address

1

Register index (hexadecimal)

0

Function code

Read Input Register (0x04)

Data type

32 bits IEEE 754 floating point

Data ordering

high byte first, high word first

Polling period

30 seconds

Test

Modbus request

1F 04 00 00 00 02

Modbus raw answer

1F 04 04 43 5E A8 7F

Modbus value

222.658188

OK

Cancel

Fields in the


form available for change:

#	Name	Description
1	Slave address	Modbus RTU slave address of external equipment
2	Register index	Modbus protocol register start address in hexadecimal view, like 0F4A
3	Function code	<p>The following functions are supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0x01 - Read Coil Status</li> <li>• 0x02 - Read Input Status</li> <li>• 0x03 - Read Holding Register</li> <li>• 0x04 - Read Input Register</li> </ul>

4	Data type	Determines how to present the data: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16 bits signed int</li> <li>• 16 bits unsigned int</li> <li>• 32 bits signed int</li> <li>• 32 bits unsigned int</li> <li>• 32 bits IEEE floating point</li> </ul>
5	Data ordering	Determines byte order in Modbus protocol response message: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• low byte first, low word first</li> <li>• low byte first, high word first</li> <li>• high byte first, low word first</li> <li>• high byte first, high word first</li> </ul>
6	Polling period	Defines the time of polling the sensor value. <b>From 10 seconds to 5 minutes.</b>

The **Test** button allows you to make a test connection with a Modbus device. In additional fields, the bytes sequence of connection, data is displayed, in hexadecimal form. **Modbus request** - data of the sent request, without a checksum. **Modbus raw answer** - data of the received answer, without a checksum. **Modbus value** - contains the data value interpreted under the selected **Data type**.

## Adding the Modbus writing virtual element

To create a "Modbus RTU (writing)" element, press add button "  " inside the "Group tree" or "System tree" menu. Then choose "Modbus RTU (writing)". Modbus element form will be opened:

Modbus RTU (writing)

Name

Clear coil

ID

—

Type

modbus rtu write

Class

devirt

Current state

Normal

Slave address

1

Register index (hexadecimal)

03C6

Function code

Write Single Coil (0x05)

Writing value

0

OK

Test

Cancel

Fields in the form available for change:

#	Name	Description
1	Name	Created element name

2	Slave address	Modbus RTU slave address of external equipment
3	Register index	Modbus protocol register start address in hexadecimal view, like 0F4A
4	Function code	The following functions are supported: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0x05 - Write Single Coil</li> <li>• 0x06 - Write Single Register</li> </ul>
5	Writing value	Decimal integer value that will be written in the specified register

The **Test** button allows you to make a value entry immediately into the Modbus register. Now the Modbus RTU writing can be inserted as a THEN task in logic schemes:

Add new logic scheme

Scheme name
Write Modbus RTU

Disable scheme
no

Action	Element	State	Timeout (hh:mm:ss)	Repeat/Duration	Operator
IF	Dry-1	alarm	not used	not used	THEN
THEN	Clear coil	write	none	once	END

OK
Cancel

## Modbus configurations for tested sensors

See the article [Modbus configuration for tested sensors](#)

## Accessories

Some recommended readers [Modbus configurations for tested sensors](#) tested by Vutlan

## Testing VT485m PCB using two Vutlan controllers

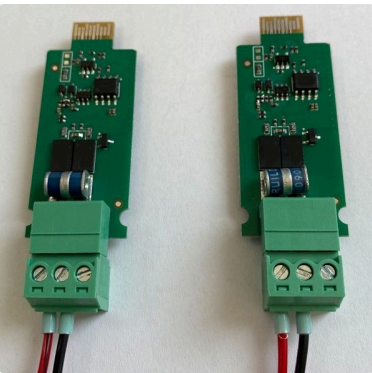
This section is useful for installers.

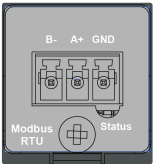
You can test the VT485m PCB using x2 Vutlan monitoring units.

1. Install VT485m on Vutlan monitoring system A and Vutlan monitoring system B.
2. Connect B- to B-. Connect A+ to A+.

 Do not connect the GND!!!





	VT485m	Cables	VT485m
	B-	red	B-
	A+	blue	A+

3. Activate Modbus RTU settings on both systems. You can leave all settings by default on both systems. Web UI >> Preferences panel >> Modbus RTU tab >> Enable Modbus RTU

Monitoring & Control Systems

☰

192.168.0.103

✎

👤 guest

💾

🔗

Dashboard

Overall stats

System tree

Dry outputs

Dry inputs

Event log

Logic schemes

Cameras

Map

Users

OSDP reader cards

CAN configuration

Graphs

Reset smoke detectors

Duplicator

Preferences

System menu

Preferences

Web GUI

Network

Time

Logging

DynDNS

Modbus RTU ▾

Name

VT485M Modbus board

Enable Modbus RTU

☒

Baud rate of the communication

2400 ▾

Parity check of the communication

none ▾

Number of stop bits

1 ▾

Save

7.2.0 b110

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4. Web UI >> System tree panel >> Add element “+” sign >> Modbus RTU (reading) >> Leave all settings by default >> Additional tab >> Test button

The VT485m which is the master will blink with a blue LED.

The VT485m which is the slave will blink with a red LED.

Test complete!

It is ok, if “Modbus value, “Modbus raw answer” values give errors, because the PCB are not meters. They do not have the values by themselves.

Modbus RTU (reading)

Settings

Additional

Charts

All data

Slave address

1

Register index (hexadecimal)

0

Function code

Read Input Register (0x04)

Data type

32 bits IEEE 754 floating point

Data ordering

high byte first, high word first

Polling period

30 seconds

Wake-On-LAN function

☐

Test

Modbus request

01 04 00 00 00 02

Modbus raw answer

answer error

Modbus value

value error

OK

Cancel

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